

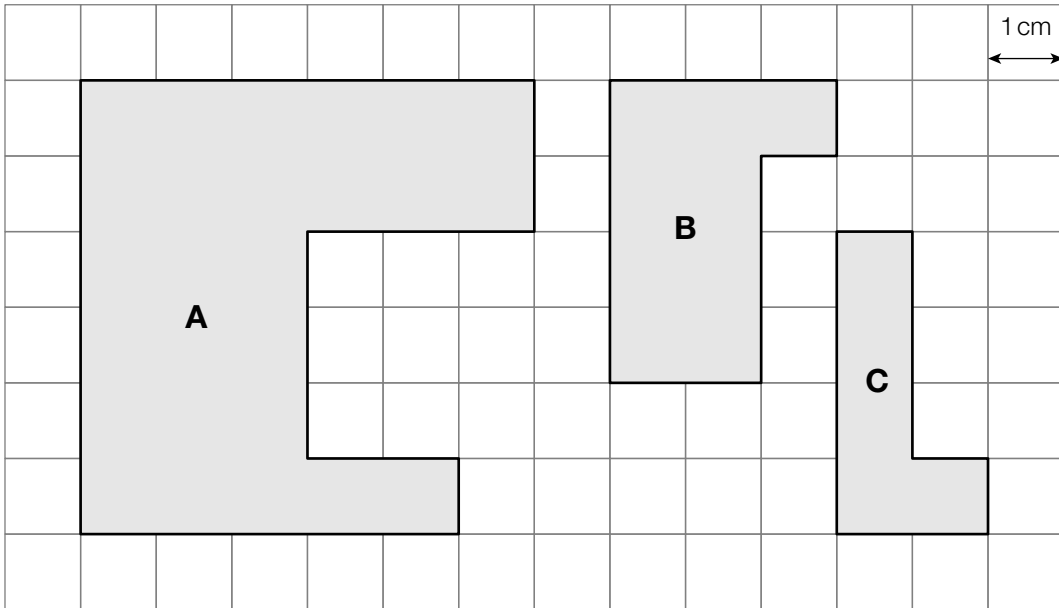
# Measurement: perimeter, area and volume



## Helpful Hint

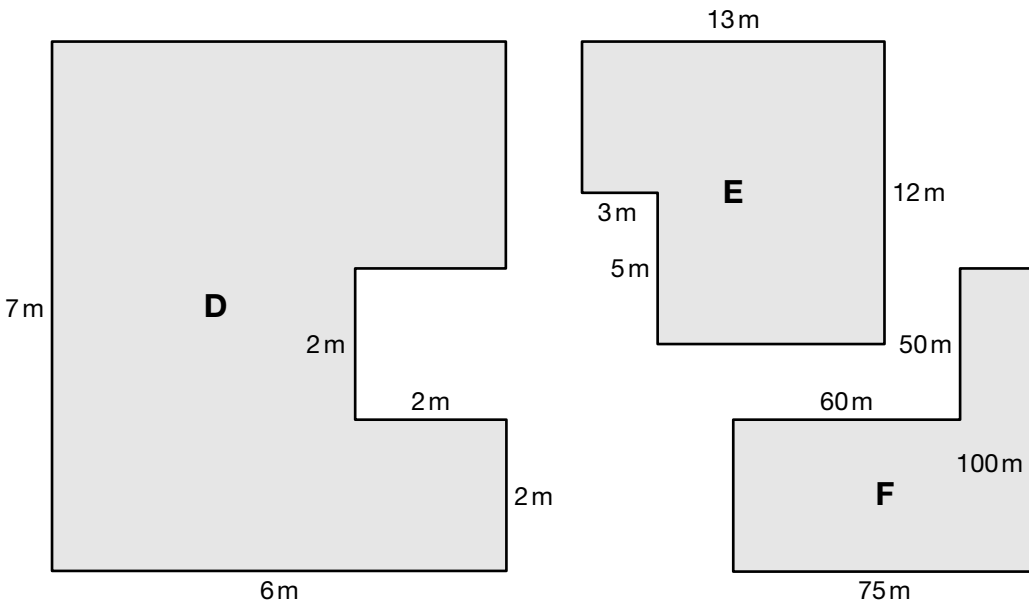
The perimeter is the total distance around a shape, starting and finishing at the same point. (It is the distance around the **edge**.)

**A** Find the perimeter of each of these shapes in centimetres.



1 **A** \_\_\_\_\_ cm    2 **B** \_\_\_\_\_ cm    3 **C** \_\_\_\_\_ cm  [3]

Find the perimeter of these shapes in metres. The diagrams are not drawn to scale.



4 **D** \_\_\_\_\_ m    5 **E** \_\_\_\_\_ m    6 **F** \_\_\_\_\_ m  [3]



## Helpful Hint

The area of a shape is the amount of space inside it.

We measure the area in square units.

One square centimetre is written  $1 \text{ cm}^2$ .

One square metre is written  $1 \text{ m}^2$ .

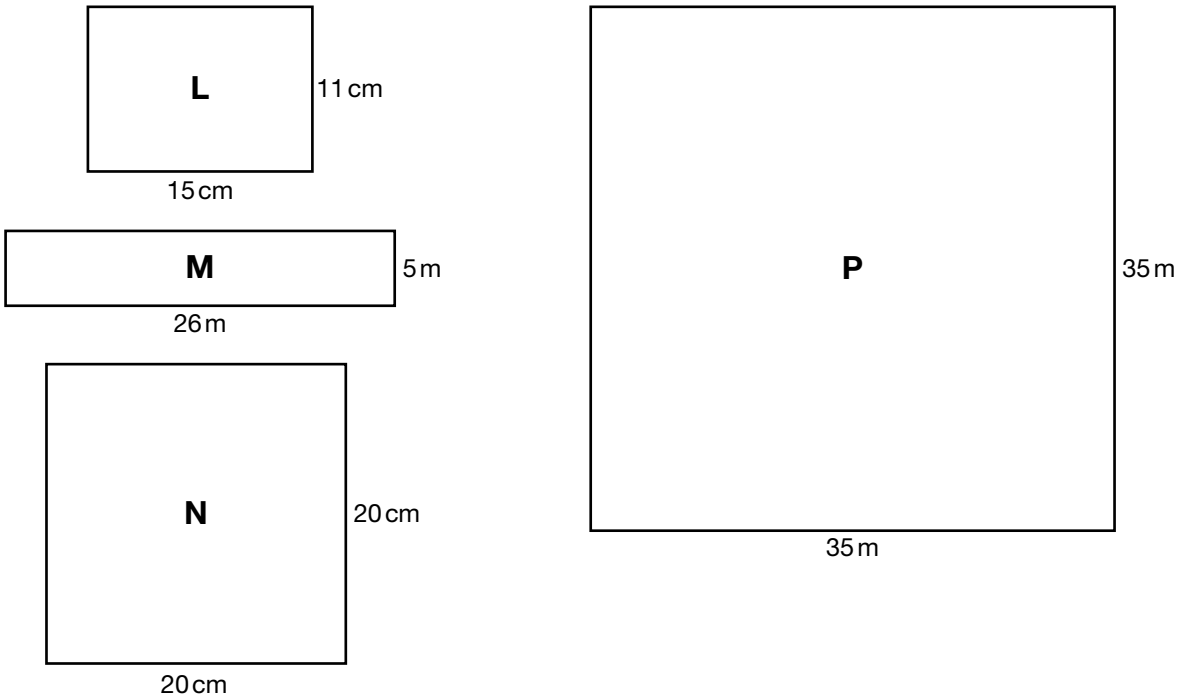
So the question, “What is the area of this shape in  $\text{cm}^2$ ?” means “How many  $1 \text{ cm}^2$  squares will fit inside this shape?”

To find the area of a square, multiply the length of one side by itself.

To find the area of a rectangle, multiply the length by the width.

**B** Use these diagrams to answer the questions that follow.

Diagrams not drawn to scale.



- 1 Find the area of shape **L** in  $\text{cm}^2$ . \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{cm}^2$   [1]
- 2 Find the area of shape **M** in  $\text{m}^2$ . \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{m}^2$   [1]
- 3 Find the area of shape **N** in  $\text{cm}^2$ . \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{cm}^2$   [1]
- 4 Find the area of shape **P** in  $\text{m}^2$ . \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{m}^2$   [1]



**Helpful Hint**

The space enclosed by a **3D** object is described as its **volume**.

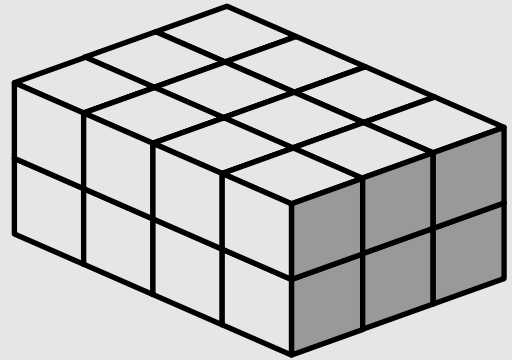
**Volume** is measured in the number of cubes that can fill the space.

We often measure **volume** in  $\text{cm}^3$ .  $1 \text{ cm}^3$  is a cube with sides of 1 cm.

**Example**

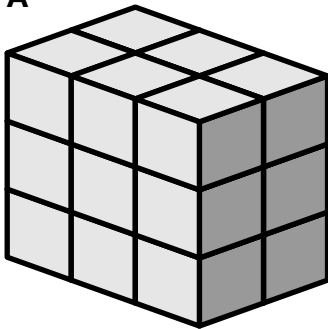
The total **volume** of this block of  $1 \text{ cm}^3$  cubes is  $24 \text{ cm}^3$ .

Count the cubes to check. Remember to count the cubes you can't see!



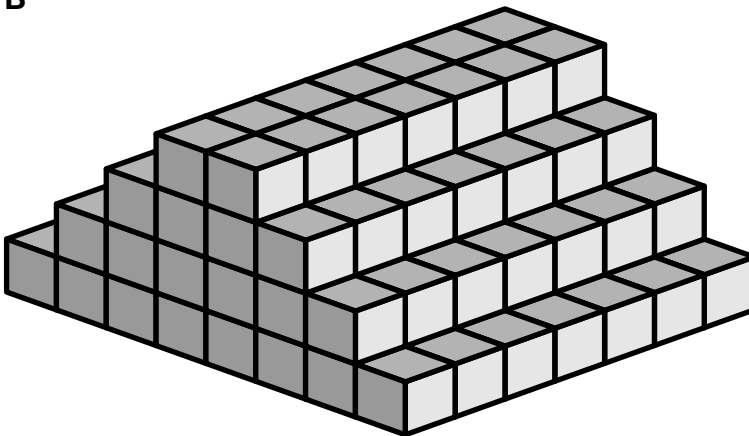
© Find the **volume** of each of these constructions that are made from  $1 \text{ cm}^3$  cubes.

1 **A**



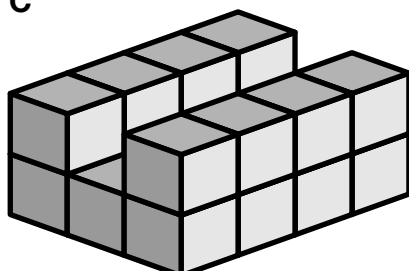
Shape **A** \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{cm}^3$   [1]

2 **B**



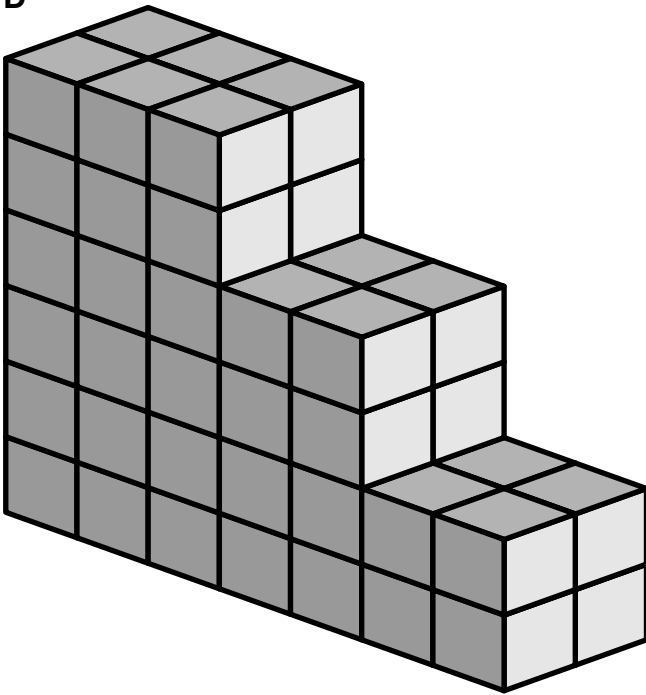
Shape **B** \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{cm}^3$   [1]

3 **C**



Shape **C** \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{cm}^3$   [1]

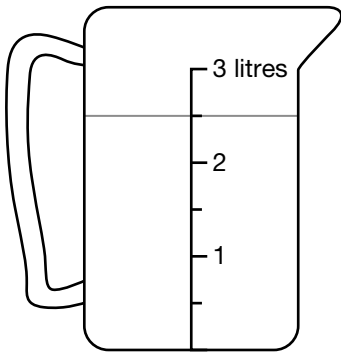
4 D



Shape D \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{cm}^3$   [1]

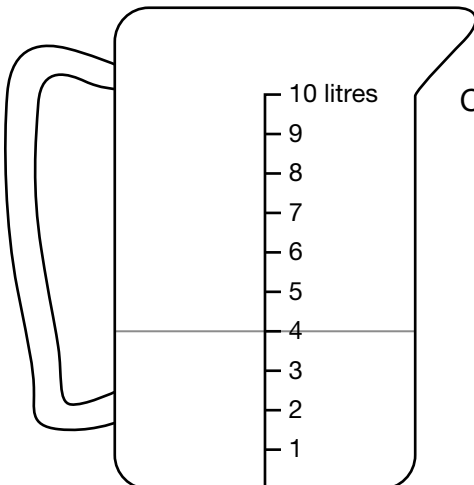
Answer these questions.

5 E



Find the **volume** of water in jug E. \_\_\_\_\_ litres  [1]

6 F



Can you add 3.5 litres to jug F? Yes / No  [1]

## Unit 7

**A**

- 1 28 cm
- 2 14 cm
- 3 12 cm
- 4 30 m
- 5 50 m
- 6 350 m

**B**

- 1  $15 \times 11 = 165 \text{ cm}^2$
- 2  $26 \times 5 = 130 \text{ m}^2$
- 3  $20 \times 20 = 400 \text{ cm}^2$
- 4  $35 \times 35 = 1225 \text{ m}^2$

**C**

- 1  $3 \times 2 \times 3 = 18 \text{ cm}^3$
- 2  $(2 + 4 + 6 + 8) \times 7 \times 1 = 20 \times 7 \times 1 = 140 \text{ cm}^3$
- 3  $(3 \times 4 \times 1) + (1 \times 4 \times 1) + (1 \times 4 \times 1) = 12 + 4 + 4 = 20 \text{ cm}^3$
- 4  $(7 \times 2 \times 2) + (5 \times 2 \times 2) + (3 \times 2 \times 2) = 15 \times 2 \times 2 = 60 \text{ cm}^3$
- 5 2.5 litres
- 6 4 litres + 3.5 litres = 7.5 litres. Yes, you can add 3.5 litres to the jug.